



2005 Summit Outcomes and Commitments

*Items in red will require follow-up and implementation negotiations

Values and Principles

General Outcome
Recognizes peace and collective security, development and human rights as the pillars of the United Nations system and foundations for collective security.

Development

General Commitments
<i>National Development Strategies</i> : sets out goal to adopt, by 2006, and implement comprehensive national development strategies to achieve internationally agreed development goals and to support these efforts through increased development assistance
<i>Official Development Assistance</i> : highlights the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development estimate that official development assistance to all developing countries will now increase by around \$50 billion a year by 2010 due to recent substantial increases in ODA
<i>Aid Effectiveness</i> : resolves to take concrete, effective and timely action in implementing all agreed commitments on aid effectiveness
<i>Health and Sanitation</i> : commitment to put in place policies to ensure adequate investment in a health, clean water and sanitation, housing and education and in the provision of public goods and social safety nets to protect vulnerable and disadvantaged sectors of society
<i>Quick-Impact Initiatives</i> : support for the implementation of country-led quick-impact initiatives
<i>Education</i> : recognizes critical role of education in poverty eradication and reaffirms commitment to support developing country efforts to ensure free and compulsory access to primary education, eliminate gender inequality and imbalance, and renew efforts to improve girls' education.
<i>Employment</i> : resolve to make goals of full and productive employment and decent work for all a central objective of national and international policies with specific mention of women and young people, including measures to eliminate the worst forms of child labor
<i>Environment</i> : commitments to take further action through international cooperation on promoting clean energy, energy efficiency and conservation; enhancing private investment, transfer of technologies and capacity building in developing countries;

<p>assisting developing countries integrate their sustainable development strategies. Agreement to create a worldwide early warning system for natural hazards</p>
<p>HIV/AIDS, malaria, tuberculosis: commitment to increase investment in health systems in developing countries; implement measures to increase capacity to protect from risk of HIV infection; develop and implement a package for HIV prevention, treatment and care with the goal of universal access to treatment by 2010; achieve universal access to reproductive health by 2015; and promote long-term funding in this area</p>
<p>Gender Equality and Empowerment: inclusion of measures and language to promote gender equality and eliminate pervasive gender discrimination</p>

Peace and Collective Security

<p>General Commitments</p>
<p>Terrorism: encourages the Security Council to consider ways to strengthen its monitoring and enforcement role in counter-terrorism</p>
<p>Peacekeeping: supports development and implementation of ten-year capacity-building plan with the African Union</p>
<p>Urges immediate implementation of GA resolutions regarding sexual exploitation and abuse by UN peacekeeping personnel</p>
<p>Sanctions: calls upon Security Council, with the support of the Secretary General, to improve monitoring and implementation and effects of sanctions and to ensure that fair and clear procedures exist for placing and removing individuals on/from sanctions lists and granting humanitarian interventions.</p>
<p>Transnational Crime: reaffirms need to strengthen capacity of the United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime.</p>
<p>Women in the prevention and resolution of conflicts: recognizes the important role of women in the prevention and resolution of conflicts and peacebuilding; stresses the need to integrate a gender perspective and to increase their involvement and role in decision-making; condemns sexual violence and exploitation; and reaffirms commitment to full implementation of Security Council resolution 1325 on women, peace and security</p>
<p>Protecting children in situations of armed conflicts: reaffirms commitment to promote and protect children in armed conflicts and to ensure children receive timely and effective humanitarian aid; calls upon states to take effective measures to prevent recruitment and use of children in armed conflict.</p>
<p>Specific Commitments Requiring Follow-Up Mechanisms</p>
<p>Terrorism: condemnation of terrorism in all its forms with the aim of developing, adopting and implementing a comprehensive counter-terrorism strategy as proposed by the Secretary General as well as concluding a comprehensive convention on international terrorism during the 60th session of the GA.</p>
<p>Peacekeeping: endorses creation of an initial operating capability for a standing police capacity to provide start-up capability for the policing component of UN peacekeeping missions</p>
<p>Peacebuilding: Took decision to establish a Peacebuilding Commission as an intergovernmental advisory body to address the special needs of countries emerging from conflict. The Commission will serve to bring together all relevant actors and marshal resources towards integrated strategies for post-conflict peacebuilding and recovery.</p>

Requests the Secretary-General to establish a small a multi-year standing Peacebuilding Fund for post-conflict peacebuilding to be funded by voluntary contributions as well as a peacebuilding support office within the Secretariat to support the Commission.

Human Rights and the Rule of Law

General Commitments
Resolve to strengthen human rights machinery
OHCHR: Resolve to strengthen the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights by doubling of its regular budget resources over the next five years with support for closer cooperation with all relevant UN bodies.
Resolves to further support mainstreaming of human rights throughout the UN system
Resolves to present for adoption a final draft United Nations declaration on the rights of indigenous peoples as soon as possible
Recognizes need to pay special attention to human rights of women and children with the commitment to bring gender and child-protection perspectives into the human rights agenda
Affirms need to finalize comprehensive draft convention on the rights of persons with disabilities
Refugee protection and assistance: commit to support efforts to address causes of refugee movement and safe and sustainable return and to support refugee populations and their host communities
Rule of law: supports establishment of a rule of law assistance unit within the Secretariat
Democracy: welcomes establishment of a Democracy Fund and invite interested members to contribute to the Fund
Commits to respecting and ensuring the rights of each child
Specific Commitments Requiring Follow-Up Mechanisms
Responsibility to protect populations from genocide, war crimes, ethnic cleansing and crimes against humanity: recognition of individual state responsibility as well as the responsibility of the international community to protect populations from genocide, war crimes, ethnic cleansing and crimes against humanity – preparedness to take collective action in a timely and decisive manner through the Security Council on a case-by-case basis. The document stresses the need for the GA to continue consideration of the concept bearing in mind the principles of the Charter and international law.
Human Security: Recognizing that individuals are entitled to freedom from fear and freedom from want with the equal opportunity to enjoy their rights and develop their human potential, the document commits to further discussion and definition of the notion of human security in the General Assembly

Strengthening the UN

General Commitments
Humanitarian Assistance: Supports strengthening effectiveness of UN humanitarian response in part by improving the Central Emergency Revolving Fund
Environmental Activities: Agrees to explore possibility of a more coherent institutional framework to address environmental issues

Charter of the United Nations: agrees to delete Chapter XIII of the Charter on Trusteeship Council and to delete references to “enemy states” in the Charter.

Specific Commitments Requiring Follow-Up Mechanisms

Security Council: supports early reform of the Security Council to make it more broadly representative, efficient and transparent. Commits to achieving a decision to this end and requests the General Assembly to review progress on the reform set out above by the end of 2005

ECOSOC: Highlights need to strengthen ECOSOC’s role in coordination, policy review and policy dialogue on issues of economic and social development - Amongst new functions, the Council should take on a wider role in areas such as ensuring follow-up of the outcomes of major conferences and summits such as on the MDGs and play a major role in overall coordination of funds, etc. The document does not specify deadlines, but details on implementation of these new functions will most likely need to be fleshed out before ECOSOC’s next substantive session starting in June of 2006.

Human Rights Council: resolves to create a Human Rights Council to replace the Commission on Human Rights. The Council will be responsible for promoting universal respect for and protection of all human rights, to address situations of violations and make recommendations, and to promote effective coordination and mainstreaming of human rights within the UN system. Requests the President of the General Assembly to conduct negotiations during the 60th session of the GA

Secretariat and management reform: Requests the Secretary General to submit details on the establishment of an independent ethics office to the GA in the 60th session for further consideration; requests the Secretary-General to submit an independent external evaluation of the UN and asks the GA to adopt measures during the 60th session based on recommendations from this evaluation; requests the Secretary-General to submit proposals to the GA during its 60th session for its consideration of the creation of an independent oversight advisory committee.