

Statement of the Principality of Liechtenstein– Informal Interactive Dialogue on R2P

6 September 2017

[INFORMAL TRANSCRIPTION]

Thank you very much. Mr. moderator we thank the Secretary-General for his first report on the Responsibility to Protect and the focus he has placed on accountability for prevention, which we very much welcome. We do believe that this links very nice with his overall prevention agenda and also gives an opportunity to focus in particular on pillars one and two of the RtoP concept. It is our view that it would be politically useful to do so, and also to remind ourselves that pillar three reflected in the R2P norm is an option that is to be resorted to once all other option have been exhausted, it certainly as has been pointed out in this debate, that the use of force is possible under the R2P concept with the authorization by the Security Council in accordance with the authority it is given under the Charter of the United Nations. We are very grateful that many states have referenced in this debate the act code of conduct on mass atrocity crimes, which is currently supported by 113 Member States. We do believe that this is the most meaningful contribution to making the RtoP concept operational in practice. It sends a clear message to the members of the council, the majority of which have accepted the code of conduct to fulfill its role as the guardian for international peace and security and its obligation to end and prevent mass atrocity crimes. We will continue working with the Secretary-General on best ways to implement the code of conduct, and also with the membership to further increase the political support given to the code of conduct. We will to this end organize a side-event in the framework of the high-level week, to which everybody is very warmly invited, and we hope that more states will take this opportunity to join the code of conduct. We welcome in particular the willingness of the Secretary-General to put relevant information before the Security Council in particular and specifically the letter he has just sent with respect to the situation in Myanmar, which is exactly in line with what the code of conduct is foreseeing. In conclusion, we would like to remind our colleagues that protecting populations also means to holding those who commit atrocity crimes accountable for their actions, primary responsibility of course in this respect lies with national judiciaries, but we do have as a complementary measure the International Criminal Court, that can step in when national judiciaries, as they unfortunately often do, fail to live up to their obligations. We call on everybody to enhance universality of the Rome Statute, and to also ratify the Kampala amendments on the Crime of Aggression, which makes the jurisdiction of the Court complete. Finally, the ICC is not a panacea and cannot become active in all situations and it's not only the Security Council that can become meaningful in this respect, but also the General Assembly, as it has done in creating the international impartial and independent mechanism for the crimes committed in Syria, which is a novel and creative way of ensuring that there is no impunity for the worst crimes under international law. We call on everybody to support the mechanism financially and politically. Finally, we of course support the inclusion of an agenda item of R2P in agenda the General Assembly. Thank you General.